## Implementation of the Tsunami Ready Pilot Project in Grenada





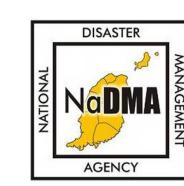






<sup>1</sup><u>c.hincapie@globalmatrixeng.com</u> <sup>2</sup><u>carolina.hincapie@upr.edu</u> Global Matrix Engineering— PR/University of Puerto Rico at Mayagüez <sup>3</sup><u>christa.vonh@noaa.gov</u> NOAA NWS Caribbean Tsunami Warning Program — PR, <sup>4</sup><u>carlos.rodriguez@globalmatrixeng.com</u> Global Matrix Engineering — DR





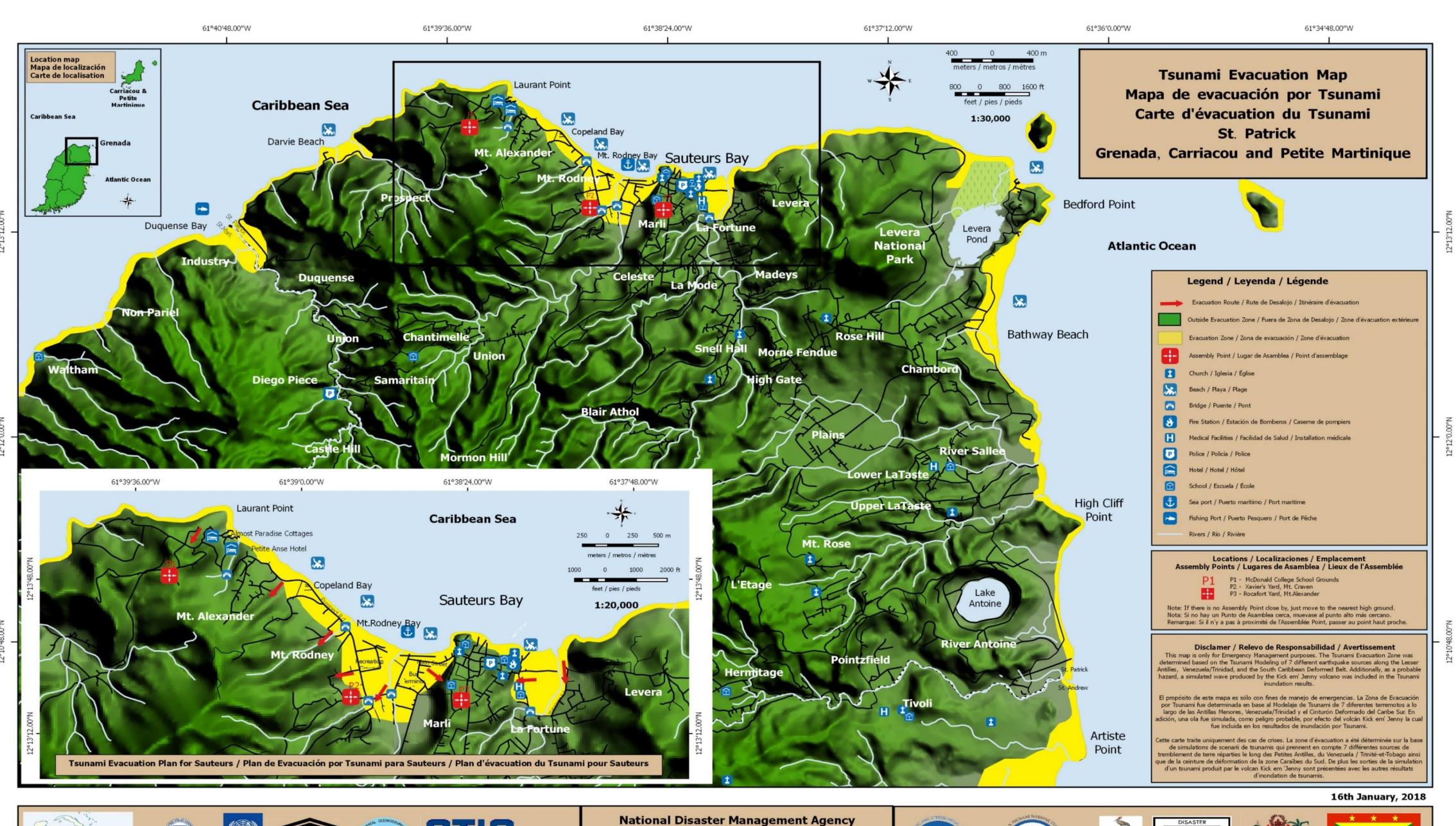


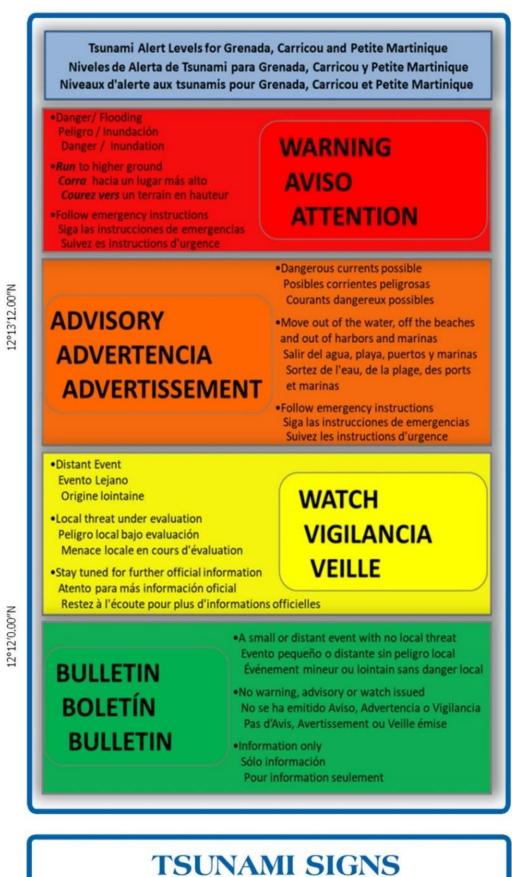
The **Tsunami Ready Pilot Project** is a community performance based

program approved by the UNESCO IOC General Assembly in 2015. It has been implemented by the Caribbean Tsunami Warning Program (NOAA/NWS CTWP) in coordination with the Member States and Territories of the UNESCO IOC Intergovernmental Coordination Group for Tsunami and other Coastal Hazards for the Caribbean and Adjacent regions (CARIBE-EWS) and supported by regional organizations as the Caribbean Tsunami Information Center (CTIC). For the past two years, USAID/OFDA has provided funding to pilot the **Tsunami Ready** guidelines. Ten (10) elements from three (3) categories for tsunami readiness: mitigation, preparedness and response, should be met by communities seeking the UNESCO recognition. Grenada is currently one of the IOC Member States piloting these guidelines. This country is a tri-island state (Grenada, Carricou and Petit Martinique), has a total estimated population of 108,339 people and is located in the southern Caribbean. In 1867, a violent earthquake of magnitude 7.5 originating in the Anegada Trough, US Virgin Islands produced a tsunami that reached Gouyave, Grenada with a registered wave height of 3.1 m (10.2 ft). In 1902 pyroclastic flows reaching the sea from the eruption of the Soufriere Volcano of St. Vincent and the Grenadines, could have generated the waves of up to 1 m (3.3 ft) that were observed in harbors of Grenada, Barbados and Saint Lucia (NCEI).

Due to the proximity of the submarine Kick em' Jenny volcano to the northern coast of Grenada, the St. Patrick parish was selected for **piloting the project**. Seven different earthquake sources, identified as tsunami hazards, along the Lesser Antilles, Venezuela/Trinidad, and the South Caribbean Deformed Belt as well as simulated wave produced by a KeJ volcano were **modeled using ComMIT** by experts of the NOAA/PMEL. The National Disaster Management Agency, NaDMA, with the technical guidance of Global Matrix developed the evacuation map based on the inundation maps. In addition to the map, support was provided for guideline Mit-2 (tsunami signage for evacuation routes, assembly points and informative billboards). All these elements were validated during a community meeting. Grenada has had many educational activities and good participation in the Caribe Wave exercises 2017/18 with around 20% and 8% of total population registered, respectively. The most critical elements that still need to be addressed are related to the response category. A governmental tsunami plan/SOPs is in the process of being updated, the systems 24/7 to receive and disseminate the tsunami alert levels to the community also need to be validated. Once all guidelines are verified, Grenada and the Caribbean Region will celebrate its **first** Tsunami Ready community where a volcano is being considered as a tsunami source.

Categories	Completed
MITIGATION	
Mit-1. Have designated and mapped tsunami hazard zones.	/
Mit-2. Have a public display of tsunami information	<b>✓</b>
PREPAREDNESS	
Prep-1. Produce easily understood tsunami evacuation maps as determined to be appropriate by local authorities in collaboration with communities.	✓
Prep-2. Develop and distribute outreach and public education materials	✓
Prep-3. Hold at least three outreach or educational activities <u>annually</u>	✓
Prep-4: Conduct an annual tsunami community exercise.	<b>✓</b>
RESPONSE	
Resp–1. Address tsunami hazards in the community's emergency operations plan (EOP).	
Resp–2. Commit to supporting the emergency operations center (EOC) during a tsunami incident if an EOC is opened and activated.	
Resp–3. Have redundant and reliable means for a 24-hour warning point (and EOC if activated) to receive official tsunami threats.	
Resp–4. Have redundant and reliable means for 24-hour warning point and/or	







SO TO HIGH GROUND OR INLAN



EOC to disseminate official tsunami alerts to the public.



Validation and Consultancy process of the Evacuation Map with locals at Sauteurs, St. Patrick



Small business, VC process – Sector Levera



Public display of Tsunami Info – Sauteurs Bay





Community Meeting – St. Patrick, Grenada

Agencia Nacional de Gestión de Desastres La Gestion des Catastrophes Department

Tel: 1 (473) 440-0838 Fax: 1 (473) 440-6674 email: nadma@spiceisle.com